

## About this application form

This form is a formal legal document and may affect your rights and obligations. Please follow the instructions given in the "Notes for filling in the application form". Make sure you fill in all the fields applicable to your situation and provide all relevant documents.

Warning: If your application is incomplete, it will not be accepted (see Rule 47 of the Rules of Court). Please note in particular that Rule 47 § 2 (a) requires that a concise statement of facts, complaints and information about compliance with the admissibility criteria MUST be on the relevant parts of the application form itself. The completed form should enable the Court to determine the nature and scope of the application without recourse to any other submissions.

### Barcode label

If you have already received a sheet of barcode labels from the European Court of Human Rights, please place one barcode label in the box below.

### Reference number

If you already have a reference number from the Court in relation to these complaints, please indicate it in the box below.

## A. The applicant

### A.1. Individual

This section refers to applicants who are individual persons only. If the applicant is an organisation, please go to section A.2.

1. Surname

Roberts-Meier

2. First name(s)

Gerard Joseph

3. Date of birth

1	1	0	3	1	9	6	3
D	D	M	M	Y	Y	Y	Y

 e.g. 31/12/1960

4. Place of birth

Oisterwijk, Netherlands

5. Nationality

British

6. Address

6 Pinelands Close  
St. John's Park  
Blackheath  
London SE3 7TF  
United Kingdom

7. Telephone (including international dialling code)

+44 7795 345383

8. Email (if any)

Gerard@wilkow.ghetto.place

9. Sex  male  female

### A.2. Organisation

This section should only be filled in where the applicant is a company, NGO, association or other legal entity. In this case, please also fill in section D.1.

10. Name

11. Identification number (if any)

12. Date of registration or incorporation (if any)

D	D	M	M	Y	Y	Y	Y

 e.g. 27/09/2012

13. Activity

14. Registered address

15. Telephone (including international dialling code)

16. Email

**B. State(s) against which the application is directed**

17. Tick the name(s) of the State(s) against which the application is directed.

- |   |  |
|---|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> ALB - Albania                | <input type="checkbox"/> ITA - Italy               |
| <input type="checkbox"/> AND - Andorra                | <input type="checkbox"/> LIE - Liechtenstein       |
| <input type="checkbox"/> ARM - Armenia                | <input type="checkbox"/> LTU - Lithuania           |
| <input type="checkbox"/> AUT - Austria                | <input type="checkbox"/> LUX - Luxembourg          |
| <input type="checkbox"/> AZE - Azerbaijan             | <input type="checkbox"/> LVA - Latvia              |
| <input type="checkbox"/> BEL - Belgium                | <input type="checkbox"/> MCO - Monaco              |
| <input type="checkbox"/> BGR - Bulgaria               | <input type="checkbox"/> MDA - Republic of Moldova |
| <input type="checkbox"/> BIH - Bosnia and Herzegovina | <input type="checkbox"/> MKD - North Macedonia     |
| <input type="checkbox"/> CHE - Switzerland            | <input type="checkbox"/> MLT - Malta               |
| <input type="checkbox"/> CYP - Cyprus                 | <input type="checkbox"/> MNE - Montenegro          |
| <input type="checkbox"/> CZE - Czech Republic         | <input type="checkbox"/> NLD - Netherlands         |
| <input type="checkbox"/> DEU - Germany                | <input type="checkbox"/> NOR - Norway              |
| <input type="checkbox"/> DNK - Denmark                | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> POL - Poland   |
| <input type="checkbox"/> ESP - Spain                  | <input type="checkbox"/> PRT - Portugal            |
| <input type="checkbox"/> EST - Estonia                | <input type="checkbox"/> ROU - Romania             |
| <input type="checkbox"/> FIN - Finland                | <input type="checkbox"/> RUS - Russian Federation* |
| <input type="checkbox"/> FRA - France                 | <input type="checkbox"/> SMR - San Marino          |
| <input type="checkbox"/> GBR - United Kingdom         | <input type="checkbox"/> SRB - Serbia              |
| <input type="checkbox"/> GEO - Georgia                | <input type="checkbox"/> SVK - Slovak Republic     |
| <input type="checkbox"/> GRC - Greece                 | <input type="checkbox"/> SVN - Slovenia            |
| <input type="checkbox"/> HRV - Croatia                | <input type="checkbox"/> SWE - Sweden              |
| <input type="checkbox"/> HUN - Hungary                | <input type="checkbox"/> TUR - Türkiye             |
| <input type="checkbox"/> IRL - Ireland                | <input type="checkbox"/> UKR - Ukraine             |
| <input type="checkbox"/> ISL - Iceland                |  |

\* On 16 September 2022 the Russian Federation ceased to be a Party to the European Convention on Human Rights.

## Subject matter of the application

All the information concerning the facts, complaints and compliance with the requirements of exhaustion of domestic remedies and the four-month time-limit laid down in Article 35 § 1 of the Convention must be set out in this part of the application form (sections E, F and G). It is not acceptable to leave these sections blank or simply to refer to attached sheets. See Rule 47 § 2 and the Practice Direction on the Institution of proceedings as well as the "Notes for filling in the application form".

## E. Statement of the facts

58.

My Polish wife is receiving medical treatment for severe depression under the care of specialists, and has attempted suicide on a number of occasions. She has always loved her Polish homeland, but has seen that love repaid with injustice and discrimination, because she married me - brown "Meier". My 84-year-old mother-in-law has been made homeless because we don't have access to look after her at her home. We wanted our Polish son to grow up with patriotism, but it is difficult for him to feel patriotism to a country which deems him only deserving of life in a ghetto.

Our Human Rights have been abused by the transfer of the public land our family has used for access for many generations, into the private hands of our neighbours, so they can start charging us money to access our home, where we have never had to pay before. Discrimination from antisemitic 1967 has not been rectified in the present day, but used as an excuse for even worse discrimination, because I have brought Indian blood and the name "Meier" to my Polish family, and "Meier" is viewed as a Jewish name. Because we would not accept this discrimination, access to our home has been blocked completely with the approval of the authorities, and we have been driven from the home where our family has lived freely for hundreds of years. I will not go into further detail regarding these abuses here, because they are the subject of other appeals to the European Court of Human Rights – in particular Case [REDACTED]. We will probably raise further abuses of our Human Rights in a new appeal because lies and deceptions have been used by the Polish authorities to complete the transfer of our public access into the private hands of our neighbours with the intervention of the local Government to formally demarcate new borders. If our neighbours truly owned the land to which they claim ownership then the formal border demarcation would not be necessary, so the necessity for this formal border demarcation is further evidence that we are in the right.

This appeal is concerned with the involvement of the Opole Lubelskie Prosecutor, who has exceeded her authority and introduced new lies and deceptions, in order to stop the European Courts and other bodies in Warsaw from investigating our Human Rights appeals. In these ways, because of our Indian blood and name "Meier", we believe the Opole Lubelskie Prosecutor has not only violated our "Human Right to a Fair Trial", but also violated our "Human Right to an Effective Remedy" in a significant manner.

The Opole Lubelskie Prosecutor starts by claiming we have appealed under Article 231 § 1 of the Polish Criminal Code, which is a lie. Our appeals are made on the basis of abuse of our Human Rights – Human Rights which Poland has agreed to uphold.

The Opole Lubelskie prosecutor then lies that our neighbour's Plot 590/1 adjoins our Plot 586. This is a lie that we have consistently disputed. A formal demarcation process GKiR.6830.4.2021 has been necessary to extend our neighbour's Plot 590/1 to adjoin our Plot 586, thus blocking our public access completely. The formal demarcation process did not even mention Plot 586 because Plot 586 does not adjoin Plot 590/1 on land registration maps. The demarcation pretended that our other borders were in dispute, but was then extended on the day of the survey to include Plot 586, which had been its real intention all along. If our Plot 586 really adjoined Plot 590/1, the land registration maps would have already shown it, and the demarcation of this border – to block our access – would not have been necessary.



**Statement of the facts (continued)**

59.

The Opole Lubelskie Prosecutor then lies that the clearly discriminatory, incomplete (without map) Servitude Decision of 1967 – 326/62 – took us all the way to the main road connecting Dobre to Wilków. Even though deeply flawed, Decision 326/62 clearly states a distance of 40m. which is the distance from our Plot 18 (now 740) to Public Plot 715. Our access was pushed completely onto public Community Land (now 717/1) when our neighbours of Plot 17 (now 590/1) built a house on Community Land – after 1967 - without permission. The distance from our land to the main road connecting Dobre to Wilków is more than 80m. The official map to 2015 shows all this, so this official map is ignored in favour of lies. Even the agreed sale to us of 0.03 ha. of Plot 717/1 for a road in 2019 would have been 40m. long to bring us to Public Plot 715. With her new lie, the Opole Lubelskie Prosecutor seeks to excuse Gmina Wilków from their neglect in allowing the narrowing of Public Plot 715, and making us dependent on even more neighbours, who could all now start charging brown “Meier” money for accessing his home.

The Opole Lubelskie Prosecutor then lies that Plot 18 of 1967 became Plot 586 of the current day, when Plot 18 actually became Plots 586, 740, 589, 587/1 and 588. This adds up to a home and farm of 1.35 ha. where ethnic minority “Meier” is not allowed to live or farm. Plot 586 is the sub-plot which always adjoined Public Plot 717/1 directly. Only in 2022 do the Polish authorities seek to also block Plot 586 to extend the discrimination of antisemitic 1967.

The Opole Lubelskie Prosecutor then lies that we had been offered access 4.5 m. in width, when only 3.60 m. would have been available along Public Plot 715. The discriminatory servitude proposed by the Opole Lubelskie Court in Case I Ns 433/15 in 2019 clearly shows a maximum available width of 3.40m with 2.41m tarmac at the corner where we need to turn, and a maximum available width of 2.66m along Public road 715. Nowhere does this Court map propose 4.50m width which the Opole Lubelski Prosecutor claims we had been offered. The antisemitic Opole Lubelskie Prosecutor lies that we had been offered 4.5m width access to pretend that Brown “Meier” does not have a valid reason for appealing here.

The Opole Lubelskie Prosecutor then lies that we applied to all our neighbours for a servitude on 26/02/2019 when all the evidence shows we applied under Case I Ns 433/15 to only one neighbour on 29/01/2015. We were misinformed that we needed to make this application because the maps showed we did not actually need a servitude at this time. Only after 29/01/2015 have maps been adjusted to make a servitude necessary – and a servitude from more than one neighbour. The antisemitic Opole Lubelskie Prosecutor is once again distorting the facts to suggest to European Courts and authorities in Warsaw that we are trouble-makers, with no real grounds for appeals.

The Opole Lubelskie Prosecutor also lies that, following a Decision to close Case I Ns 433/15 on 10/03/2020, we requested the case be resumed, and that our new request was rejected on 30/11/2020. This is a lie – we have been consistently appealing the racist antisemitic border changes made following our original application on 26/02/2015. We would not need a Servitude from our neighbours without these racist antisemitic border changes made following our original application. So, we would never request a re-opening of Case I Ns 433/15. At this time we were requesting emergency access rights to our home, following physical blockage by our neighbours, and it this request for emergency access which the Opole Lubelskie Court denied us. Of course, this was a complete violation of our “Human Right to Protection of Property”.

The Opole Lubelskie Prosecutor continues with other lies, and accepts the lies of others, such as the lie that we have objected to the borders of our own Plots, when we have consistently objected only to the borders of the public Plots that we need for access to our own Plots and home. These other lies are covered in the annotations to the Prosecutor’s Decision which are included in the attachments. This “Statement of the facts” highlights the new lies introduced by the Opole Lubelskie Prosecutor, for which she should be solely responsible.

**Statement of the facts (continued)**

60.

The Opole Lubelskie Prosecutor also speaks to defend the actions of Gmina Wilków, the Survey Inspector of Lublin, and even National bodies, such as the Presidential Office of Legal Aid, the Chief Surveyor of the Country and the National Ombudsman. We understand the European Court of Human Rights intervenes following escalation of domestic appeals to the highest authorities in the Country. However, the highest authorities in Poland continue to refer our appeals back to the lowest levels of Opole Lubelskie and Gmina Wilków, rather than giving us decisions, or even considering our words and evidence. The highest authorities refer our appeals of discrimination back to the local bodies we are appealing against. By speaking on behalf of the National bodies to whom we have appealed, we feel the Opole Lubelskie Prosecutor is also exceeding her authority in order to pervert the European System of Justice – by turning the domestic appeal process upside down. We see this as a complete perversion of our “Human Right to an Effective Remedy”.

We complained and identified the lies of the Opole Lubelskie Prosecutor directly to both the National Prosecutor in Warsaw and the Ombudsman in Warsaw. The National Prosecutor referred our complaints back to the regional level of the Prosecutor of Lublin, and the Prosecutor of Lublin referred our complaints back to the district level of the Prosecutor of Opole Lubelskie. Our complaint of lies thus ends up back in the hands of the person who has made those lies. In this way, the authorities in Poland deny ethnic minorities the decisions required for escalation to European Courts.

The Ombudsman of Warsaw acts in an even more devious manner. The lies of the Opole Lubelskie Prosecutor would help the Ombudsman dismiss our appeals under References IV.510.71.2018 and II.510.301.2021. So, the Ombudsman accepts the lies of the Opole Lubelskie Prosecutor as evidence under References IV.510.71.2018 and II.510.301.2021, but files our refutation of the lies under a completely new Reference – II.519.740.2022. This allows the Ombudsman and other bodies to accept the lies against us, while denying us the opportunity to refute those lies. In this way the Ombudsman of Warsaw, responsible for protecting the Human Rights of ethnic minorities, is actually complicit in denying them.

It would seem that in Poland it is impossible for Human Rights abuses against ethnic minorities to escalate to European Courts. In the case of ethnic minorities, the authorities of Poland are prepared to lie and turn the appeal process upside down – all in order to prevent escalation of appeals to Europe.

**F. Statement of alleged violation(s) of the Convention and/or Protocols and relevant arguments**

61. Article invoked	Explanation
Rome 1950 Convention Article 6 Right to a fair trial	The Prosecutor of Opole Lubelskie has created lies to pretend that we have not been deprived of access to our property, and to pretend that we have no grounds for complaining about the racist antisemitic discrimination we suffer. A Prosecutor who should be responsible for ensuring all citizens receive a fair trial, is active in denying a fair trial to ethnic minorities.
Rome 1950 Convention Article 13 Right to an effective remedy	We have suffered discrimination and abuse of our property rights for many years. We have had appeals against this abuse open for many years, most notably appeals with the National Ombudsman Refs. IV.510.71.2018 and II.510.301.2021. The Opole Lubelskie Prosecutor has been allowed to create lies which would help the Ombudsman of Warsaw and other National bodies continue to ignore our appeals. The National Prosecutor refers our appeals against these lies back to the Opole Lubelskie Prosecutor who has created the lies, and the National Ombudsman creates and dismisses our refutations of the lies under a completely new Ref. II.519.740.2022, which allows the lies to be accepted without question under Refs. IV.510.71.2018 and II.510.301.2021. In these ways, our Human Rights continue to be abused in Poland, most notably here, our "Right to an effective remedy".

**G. Compliance with admissibility criteria laid down in Article 35 § 1 of the Convention**

For each complaint, please confirm that you have used the available effective remedies in the country concerned, including appeals, and also indicate the date when the final decision at domestic level was delivered and received, to show that you have complied with the four-month time-limit.

63. Complaint	<p>Information about remedies used and the date of the final decision</p> <p>We complained about the lies of the Opole Lubelskie Prosecutor to both the National Prosecutor and the National Ombudsman on 28/07/2022.</p> <p>We complained to the National Ombudsman under our existing Refs. IV.510.71.2018 and II.510.301.2021, to which the lies directly related. On 12/08/2022 the National Ombudsman refused to investigate our complaints under new Ref. II.519.740.2022, thus allowing the lies against us to remain unquestioned under Refs. IV.510.71.2018 and II.510.301.2021.</p> <p>The National Prosecutor referred our complaint back to Lublin Prosecutors and ultimately it ended up back in the hands of the Opole Lubelskie Prosecutor who we were complaining about. After we made a further complaint on 08/12/2022 that our "Right to an effective remedy" was being violated in this manner, we received a letter from the Lublin Prosecutor dated 08/12/2022 (but posted 12/12/2022) that agreed with the lies of the Opole Lubelskie and claimed she had acted on the basis of "evidence".</p> <p>The 08/12/2022 decision of the Lublin Prosecutor regarding a referral from the National Prosecutor, and at a higher level than that of the Opole Lubelskie Prosecutor, is seen as a final decision which entitles us to escalate our appeal to the European Court of Human Rights.</p> <p>Thank you.</p>
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**I. List of accompanying documents**

You should enclose full and legible *copies* of all documents. No documents will be returned to you. It is thus in your interests to submit copies, not originals. You MUST:

- arrange the documents in order by date and by set of proceedings;
- number the pages consecutively; and
- NOT staple, bind or tape the documents.

70. In the box below, please list the documents in chronological order with a concise description. Indicate the page number at which each document may be found

1.	05/07/2022: Prosecutor of Opole Lubelskie creates lies in refusing to initiate investigation into abuse of our Human Rights. Her lies seek to excuse not only local authorities, but also National authorities based in Warsaw.	p.	1-6
2.	30/06/1967: Flawed incomplete Court Decision Ns 326/62 which clearly states a distance of 40m to Public Plot 715, rather than more than 80m which would be required for the servitude all the way to the main road. This Court	p.	
3.	Decision also shows a servitude from Plot 17 only - which has become Plot 590/1 - rather than a servitude from all Plots neighbouring Public Road 715 - as the Opole Lubelskie Prosecutor claims is now required.	p.	7-8
4.	25/03/2012: Access map proposed by Court of Opole Lubelskie in Case I Ns 433/15, which exposes the lie that we had been offered a width of 4.5m. It shows 4.5m was no longer available with racist antisemitic borders from 2015.	p.	9-10
5.	Actual maximum width of 1.60m (3.60 m. with 1m. buffer on each side). Racist antisemitism in Poland allows Authorities to claim that 1.60m is 4.50 m.	p.	11-12
6.	28/07/2022: Formal Complaint about Lies of Opole Lubelskie Prosecutor to National Ombudsman in Warsaw (Refs. II.510.301.2021 & IV.51071.2018) and National Prosecutor in Warsaw.	p.	13-17
7.	01/08/2022: National Prosecutor in Warsaw refers our Complaint of Lies of Opole Lubelskie Prosecutor down to regional level of Lublin Prosecutor.	p.	18-19
8.	12/08/2022: National Ombudsman in Warsaw refuses to consider our refutation of lies of Opole Lubelskie Prosecutor regarding existing Refs. under New Ref. II.519.740.2022.	p.	20-23
9.	20/09/2022: Lublin Prosecutor refers our Complaint of Lies of Opole Lubelskie Prosecutor down to district level of Opole Lubelskie Prosecutor - back to the same person whose lies we are appealing against.	p.	24-25
10.	08/12/2022: I point out to National Ombudsman and National Prosecutor that they are denying our Human "Right to an Effective Remedy" in their handling of our complaint against the Opole Lubelskie Prosecutor.	p.	26-30
11.	08/12/2022: Lublin Prosecutor rejects our complaint of 28/07/2022, claiming that the Opole Lubelskie Prosecutor has acted correctly on the basis of "evidence", when the evidence clearly shows she is lying.	p.	31-36
12.		p.	
13.		p.	
14.		p.	
15.		p.	
16.		p.	
17.		p.	
18.		p.	
19.		p.	
20.		p.	
21.		p.	
22.		p.	
23.		p.	
24.		p.	
25.		p.	



**Any other comments**

Do you have any other comments about your application?

71. Comments


**Declaration and signature**

I hereby declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, the information I have given in the present application form is correct.

72. Date

0	8	0	2	2	0	2	3	e.g. 27/09/2015
D	D	M	M	Y	Y	Y	Y	

The applicant(s) or the applicant's representative(s) must sign in the box below.

73. Signature(s)  Applicant(s)  Representative(s) - tick as appropriate


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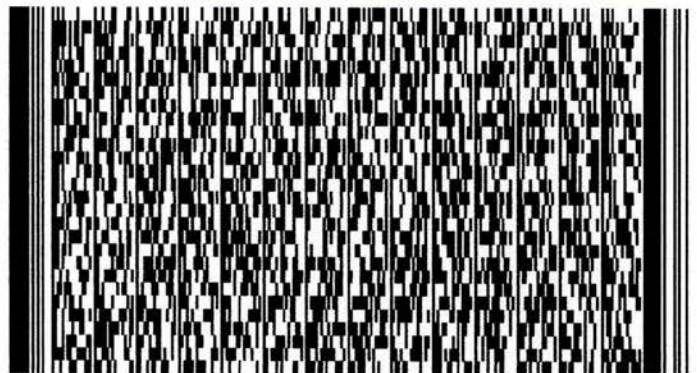
**Confirmation of correspondent**

If there is more than one applicant or more than one representative, please give the name and address of the one person with whom the Court will correspond. Where the applicant is represented, the Court will correspond only with the representative (lawyer or non-lawyer).

74. Name and address of  Applicant  Representative - tick as appropriate


**The completed application form should be signed and sent by post to:**

The Registrar  
European Court of Human Rights  
Council of Europe  
67075 STRASBOURG CEDEX  
FRANCE



893669e1-66ca-4653-b9e0-2de2561a694b